

International Consortium for Telemetry Spectrum



ICTS REGION I REPORT

<u>Update 2018</u>

Region I Coordinator: Gerhard Mayer

Former Chair ICTS

Presented by Mr. Renaud Urli

Chair European Society of Telemetry (EST)

-consultants.com

ITC 2018 ICTS General Session, 06 November 2018 Glendale AZ



Agenda



 L, S & C-Band in Europe, AMT and Common Allocations

 WRC-19 Action Items, issues <u>impacting AMT</u>, Al 1.16 and 9.1.8

Further Threats to the AMT- Bands

"Licenced Shared Access"(LSA) & "Licensed Assisted Access"(LAA)-LTE, <u>a threat potential</u>?

Conclusions



- Provide an independant assessment of ITU-Region 1 issues & positions that could impact AMT capabilities, in preparation of the WRC-19.
- Sources of information (meetings & reports) from:
 <u>CEPT</u>, European Conference of Postal & Telecommunications

 RCC, Regional Commonwealth in Communications
 ASMG, Arab Spectrum Management Group
 ATU, African Telecommunication Union
- **ITU(R)** Preparation Process for WRC-19, conferences & meetings: Reports from Study Groups, Joint Task Groups, Working Parties



AMT: L-Band in Europe



AMT L-band still used despite of CEPT / ERC Rec. 62-02E (1997), as a consequence of the WRC-95 allocations to the Satellite – Digital Audio Broadcast service in that band:

Russian Federation & Allies 1429 – 1535 MHz

France 1427 – 1429 MHz

Switzerland 1429 - 1445 MHz

Spain &UK 1427 – 1452 MHz

<u>Res.223</u> (Rev.WRC-15): <u>1427-1452 MHz</u>, 1492-1518 MHz identified for IMT worldwide;

1452-1492 MHz in Region 2+3; in Region 1 in some African and Middle-East countries, only: not supported by CEPT.

RR Article 5 footnotes included to protect AMT ops!



🖟 AMT: S- & C Band in Europe [🤇 🔀



S-band for AMT (CEPT/ERC Rec.62-02E)

- Core band 2300 – 2330 MHz

- Extension band 2330 – 2400 MHz

Some countries still use parts of 2025 - 2300 MHz for AMT!

• S-band for <u>Terrestrial Telemetry</u> 2200 – 2400 MHz allocable in some countries.

WRC-07 C-band global 5091 – 5150 MHz
 Region 1 5150 – 5250 MHz

That is the only real <u>harmonized AMT band in</u> <u>Europe!</u>



On the way to WRC-19 Threats to AMT



Res. COM 6/16 (WRC-15):

Action item 1.16

"..inviting to perform sharing and compatibility studies with WAS/RLAN applications and incumbent services in frequ.band 5150-(5250)-5350 MHz with possibility of enabling <u>outdoor</u> <u>WAS/RLAN ops</u> including <u>possible associated conditions</u>".

• Res. COM 6/20 (WRC-15):

Action item 1.13 <u>supports identification</u> of additional bands for <u>future IMT-development</u>: "...inviting to conduct sharing & compatibility studies for band 24,25 – 27,5 GHz".

That band would be a favourite candidate for extention requirements of AMT (time horizon 2020 & beyond)!



CEPT Position on AI 1.16



- CEPT supports studies to be performed under AI 1.16 in accordance with Res. 239 (WRC-15).
- "In the **5150 5350** MHz band, CEPT would support relaxing the access conditions applicable to WAS / RLANs, *if results show* <u>sharing and</u> <u>compatibility</u> cannot be achieved with EESS, radars, Sat-feederlinks, aeronautical navigation and <u>aeronautical telemetry</u>".
- "However CEPT noted that the *current studies* have shown <u>difficulties</u> in <u>achieving co-existence</u> with incumbent services" (3rd meeting, May 2017).
- CEPT revised that position further in its 4th meeting, March, 2018, especially with reference to the band 5150 5250 MHz. The result of coexistence studies was now included into the Draft CEPT Brief (7th group meeting, September 2018).



CEPT–Position on Al 1.16

(Draft CEPT Brief, 28 Sept. 2018)



- In the 5150 5250 MHz band, CEPT notes that an outdoor relaxation to WAS/RLAN would affect the operation of the MSS feeder links, aeronautical radio navigation and aeronautical telemetry (see No 5.446C).
- However, CEPT is <u>still studying usage restrictions</u> (e.g. in vehicle use) <u>combined with appropriate mitigation</u>
 <u>techniques</u> to achieve co-existence with incumbent services, to enable outdoor WAS/RLAN use in this band."



Last Minute WRC-19 Al 9.1.8





- Industry 4.0, "Smart Manufacturing", is on the roadmap to standardisation, supported by ETSI, IEC, ISA, IEEE, OneM2M et.al.
- Industrial radio links <u>presently in the unlicensed 2,4 GHz band</u> investigate licensed allocations from 1,5 6 GHz, spectrum requirements 80 MHz (2x40MHz)!
- Candiates for studies: 2340 2400 MHz & 5150 5250 MHz
- The "one M2M Partnership Project" (>200 members worldwide)
 succeeded to bring that issue on the ITU (R) list of "urgent
 studies required in preparation of the WRC-19", as

<u>AI 9.1.8</u> Res.958 (WRC-15): Narrow & broadband Machine-Type Communication infrastructures (to be studied by WP5D)



AI 9.1.8, MTC Preliminary Position of ITU-WP5D



Working Doc towards Draft CPM-Text for WRC-19:

"Analysis of the current and future spectrum use for narrowband and broadband machine type communications (MTC), as expressed in Al 9.1.8 Resolution 958 (WRC-15), concluded that there <u>is no need to identify specific spectrum</u> for those applications in the Radio Regulations.

MTC / IoT applications and devices can be used effectively with all the benefits of <u>the existing bands and the new frequency bands under study for IMT</u>, as well as those for SRD and ISM applications". That position was also supported by ECC PT1 (Meeting # 60, Sept. 2018).



Threats to S-Band 2300-2400 MHz by further IMT Allocations



Band has already to be shared with Low Power Services

Medical Implants (LP-AMI) 2360 – 2400 MHz

Medical Telemetry (MBANS) 2360 – 2400 MHz

Short Range Devices (Indust.+ UWB) 2360 – 2400 MHz

Band also to be shared with

Video Links (PMSE SAP / SAB)

High Power Services

2320 - 2400 MHz

ECC FM(12)017 "Current& Future Usage 2300 – 2400 MHz":

Current use: PMSE applications (in 27 countries)

Future use: IMT (incl.LTE or WiMAX), BWA (in 16 countries)

Recent Spectrum Auction in the UK :

2350 – 2390 MHz now allocated for use with 5G,

to Telefonica UK Ltd.



Licenced Shared Access(LSA) Threat for the AMT S-Band?



- LSA was seen as enabler to <u>release additional spectrum</u> for Mobile Broadband Services, <u>sharing with incumbants</u>, <u>on a</u> <u>secondary basis</u> <u>assessing protection of existing</u> <u>services</u> (Concept: Radio Spectrum Policy Group, DIGITALEUROPE).
- <u>CEPT Report Nr. 52:</u> describes the "technological and regulatory options for sharing between WBB and the relevant incumbent services/applications in the 2,3 GHz band".
- LSA Demo & Testing: by Italy, Finland, France, The Netherlands and Spain successfully concluded by 2017 end.
- Further work delegated to ITU(R): "to develop the regulatory frame conditions for LSA implementation" (WP1B) & "to study the necessary mitigation techniques" (WP5A).
- LSA Specs released: National implementation possible!



Thread to C-Band 5150–5250 MHz LAA-LTU Cells on secondary basis



Band has already to be shared with the

Aeronautical Mob.(Route) Service, Fixed Satellite Service (uplink), Aero. Radio Navigation Service 5091 - 5250 MHz Public Mobile Service & WLAN indoor 5150 - 5250 MHz

- <u>Licensed Assisted Access (LAA)</u> idea is, that LTE cells operating in other bands synchronise <u>secondary cells</u> in C-band, <u>5150 – 5250 - (5350) MHz</u> (that band is presently allocated to indoor WLAN on a power level +<u>23 dBm</u>, only!)
- But Outdoor LAA cells can affect AMT Ops, especially
 with the proposed power level of +36 dBm! ICTS has to monitor
 further intentions & studies.



LTE- Advanced Standard "Advanced-Pro"



Europe: (introduction tried since 2017, but still in planning status!)

LAA-LTE bands 5150 – 5350 MHz; 5470 – 5725 MHz

in band 5150 - 5250 MHz: 5 channels x 20 MHz

The Americas:

LTE-U bands 5150 – 5250 MHz; 5250 – 5750 MHz

in band 5150 - 5250 MHz: 4 channels x 20 MHz

Proposed extention of the transmitting levels:

• Power levels: Elevation 0 < 30 deg. + 36 dBm

> 30 deg. +21 dBm

Power flux density

+ 17 dBm / MHz

Ref: LTE-U Technical Report (2015-02) et al



What Can the ICTS Do



- The Agenda Items for the WRC-19 and regional BWS- initiatives (LSA, LAA-LTE) have to be carefully studied and assessed.
 - Provide **early warning** with respect to **spectrum threats** emerging in other areas of the world.
- Support relevant study groups in <u>AMT-critical issues</u>, e.g. the technical & operational characteristics in band 5150 5250 MHz, in the ITU (R) Working Party 5B and Joint Task Group meetings (Geneva)!
- Monitor <u>CEPT</u> & ATU, RCC and ASMG meetings and workshops.
- Possible tasking to investigate the feasibility of <u>augmenting the current</u>
 <u>AMT bands by new allocations in Ku, K, and Ka bands (15 30 GHz).</u>



Conclusions



EU harmonisation level for S-Band still poor; C-band use in progress, in <u>9 EU - countries</u> presently.

Action Items WRC-19:

Al 1.16: "WAS and BWA in the 5 GHz range", with 5150-5250 MHz as one target band". Feasibility of WLAN outdoor ops is still under study.

Al 9.1.8 "to study Machine-Type Comm. infrastructures for wireless industrial applications"; candidates were AMT S- and C-bands,too!

Prelim. Position of WP5D: "No need to identify specific spectrum. Use the existing & future IMT-bands!"

Shared Use of AMT bands on a secondary basis (LSA & LAA-LTE)

LSA specs released, national licensing possible. Some adminitrations are still hesitating to grant licences, to protect the incumbent services. The LAA introduction is in a similar process.



For more information



- European Communication Office (ECO)
 www.cept.org/eco
- European Frequency Information System (EFIS) <u>www.efis.dk</u>
- CEPT / ECC Study Groups
 www.cept.org/ecc



ANNEX: European C-band Introduction



- Austria: Payload tests for border surveillance
- France: Airbus Operations to test AB 350 et al.
 Spain may be later part of the Airbus network.
- **Germany:** DLR and Fraunhofer doing operational tests, Airbus Helicopters in opl.- status from end of 2018 onward.
- The Netherlands: NRL, systems procurred & operational.
- Sweden & Norway: VIDSEL Range: procurement C-band tracking station in process, flight tests concluded. Andoya Range in introduction process.
- **Switzerland:** Armasuisse and Swiss Copter Group in introduction process.
- UK: BAES and Qinetiq in planning status for 2018 onward.



C- Band Test Activities



- Airbus Operations Toulouse regular FT with10 Mbps 10W onboard with C-band gnd network, with OFDM Transmitter.
- Airbus Defense and Space Manching concluded FT C-band vs. S-band, with small aircraft and Tornado.
- Airbus Helicopters rolls out regular flight tests in C-band.
- Vidsel Range in Sweden did flight tests S-band vs. C-band (with Helicoper), inclusive interference studies from their C-band Radar.





Questions / Discussion



Acronyms



AMT Aeronatical Mobile Telemetry

BWA Broadband Wireless Access

CEPT Conferénce Européenne des Administrations de Poste

ERC European Radio Communications

EEES Earth Exploration Satellite Service

RR Radio Rules

PMSE Programme Making Special Events

SAB Services Ancillary to Broadcast

SAP Services Ancillary to Program Making

WAS Wireless Access Systems

WBB Wireless Broad Band